

**Unit Titles Act 2001 – Form 8**

**NOTICE OF REDUCED QUORUM DECISIONS**

**Part A      Details of reduced quorum decisions<sup>†</sup>**

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**A1      The Owners—Units Plan No** \_\_\_\_\_ [*insert number*]

**A2      General meeting**

Date (or dates) of general meeting at which the reduced quorum decision or decisions were made— \_\_\_\_\_

*Tick applicable box, or both boxes if applicable:*

     **Regularly convened**  
The general meeting was regularly convened (not following any adjournment under UTA s 99 (3) or (6) (a)).

     **Convened after adjournment**  
The general meeting was convened following an adjournment or adjournments (under UTA s 99 (3) or (6) (a)).

**A3      Reduced quorum decisions**

*[If there is insufficient space here, tick  and attach details to the notice]*

Date of decision	Full text of reduced quorum decision

**A4      Owners corporation declaration**

The information in this notice has been recorded on the following date from details shown in the records of the owners corporation.

.....[*insert date of affixing of seal*]

[*Affix owners corporation seal in accordance with the corporation articles*]

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<sup>†</sup> In this notice, **UTA** means the *Unit Titles Act 2001*.

# NOTICE OF REDUCED QUORUM DECISIONS

## **Part B**      **General information**

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### ***B1***      ***What is a reduced quorum decision?***

- A ***reduced quorum decision*** is a decision of a general meeting of the owners corporation made while a quorum (a ***reduced quorum***) smaller than a ***standard quorum*** was present.
- A ***standard quorum*** is those people entitled to vote (on the motion) in relation to not less than ½ the total number of units (see UTA s 99 (1) (a)).

There are 2 types of ***reduced quorum decision***, requiring different reduced quorums.

#### *Reduced quorum decisions made at regularly-convened general meetings*

- If, within ½ an hour after a motion arises for consideration at a general meeting that has been regularly convened, a ***standard quorum*** for the motion (see above) is not present a reduced quorum decision may be made if a ***reduced quorum*** (see next point) is then present for consideration of the motion (UTA s 99 (2)).
- At a regularly-convened general meeting, a ***reduced quorum*** means 2 or more people present at the meeting and entitled to vote on the motion (UTA s 99 (2)).
- A reduced quorum is also sufficient to make decisions on any later motions arising at the meeting. Any such later decisions made while only a reduced quorum was present are also reduced quorum decisions (UTA s 99 (2)).

#### *Reduced quorum decisions—adjournment following quorum trouble*

- If, within ½ an hour after a motion arises for consideration at a general meeting that has been regularly convened, neither a ***standard quorum*** for the motion (see above) nor a ***reduced quorum*** (see above) is present, the meeting is adjourned to the following week at the same place and time (UTA s 99 (3)). The meeting may also decide to adjourn even if a reduced quorum is present (UTA s 99 (5)).
- If, within ½ an hour after a motion arises for consideration at a general meeting convened following such an adjournment, a standard quorum for the motion is not present, a reduced quorum decision may be made if there is a ***reduced quorum*** made up by *anyone* then present and entitled to vote (even if that is only a single voter) (UTA s 99 (6) (a)).
- Such a reduced quorum (of *anyone* present and entitled to vote) is also sufficient to make decisions on any later motions arising at the meeting. Any such later decisions made while only a reduced quorum was present are also ***reduced quorum decisions*** (UTA s 99 (6) (a)).

**B2** *When does a reduced quorum decision take effect?*

- A reduced-quorum decision takes effect 21 days after the date of the decision (the decision's *date of effect*) (UTA s 101 (1)).
- However, this does not apply if the decision is disallowed, confirmed by a standard-quorum general meeting or revoked (see below) (UTA s 101 (3) – (5))

**B3** *How may reduced quorum decisions be disallowed?*

Reduced quorum decisions may be disallowed by petition (the Act, s 101 (3)). The petition must—

- state the resolution or resolutions to which it applies; and
- be signed by a majority of persons entitled to vote at a general meeting of the owners corporation (a person may sign whether or not he or she attended the meeting); and
- be given to the owners corporation before the decision's date of effect (see B2 above).

**B4** *How may reduced quorum decisions be confirmed?*

- A reduced-quorum decision may be confirmed by a general meeting of the owners corporation held before the decision's date of effect (see B2 above).
- For the confirmation to be valid, a standard quorum must be present when the confirmation motion is considered at the later general meeting (see B1 above).
- If a decision is confirmed, it takes effect from the date of the later general meeting whether or not a petition is given to the owners (UTA s 101 (4)).

**B5** *How may reduced quorum decisions be revoked?*

- A reduced-quorum decision may be revoked by a general meeting of the owners corporation held at any time, whether or not the decision has earlier been confirmed.
- A revocation is valid whether a standard quorum or a reduced quorum is present when the revocation motion is considered (see B1 above; UTA s 101 (5)).